

1 Programmation déclarative

```

----- La famille en Prolog -----
1 % Des faits, séparés par des points
2 child(john,sue).      child(john,sam).
3 child(jane,sue).     child(jane,sam).
4 child(sue,george).   child(sue,gina).
5 male(sam).           male(george).
6 female(sue).         female(jane).      female(june).
7
8 % Des règles, également séparées par des points
9 parent(Y,X) :- child(X,Y).
10 father(Y,X) :- child(X,Y), male(Y).
11 grand_father(X,Z) :- father(X,Y), parent(Y,Z).
12 opp_sex(X,Y) :- male(X), female(Y).
13 opp_sex(Y,X) :- male(X), female(Y).
14
15 % Des requêtes (ou objectifs), et leurs réponses
16 ?- father(george, sue)
17     true.
18 ?- grand_father(george, X)
19     X = john ; X = jane. % tous les X vérifiant l'expression

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----- Recipients en TLA+ -----
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(***)
(* Getting 4 liters from a 5 l and a 3 l jugs *)
(***)

EXTENDS Naturals \* we use numbers

VARIABLES big, \* amount of liters in big jug
           small \* amount of liters in small one

TypeInvariant == /\ small \in 0..3
                /\ big \in 0..5

(** Initial state **)
Init == big = 0 /\ small = 0

(** Possible transitions **)
FillSmallJug == small' = 3 /\ big' = big
FillBigJug   == small' = small /\ big' = 5
EmptySmallJug == small' = 0 /\ big' = big
EmptyBigJug  == small' = small /\ big' = 0

Min(m,n) == IF m < n THEN m ELSE n

SmallToBig == /\ big' = Min(big + small, 5)
              /\ small' = small - (big' - big)
BigToSmall == /\ small' = Min(big + small, 3)
              /\ big' = big - (small' - small)

(** Next-state relation **)
Next == \ / FillSmallJug
        \ / FillBigJug
        \ / EmptySmallJug
        \ / EmptyBigJug
        \ / SmallToBig
        \ / BigToSmall

(** Complete specification **)
Spec == Init /\ [] [Next]_<<big, small>>

(* Property of which we want a counter-example *)
NotSolved == big # 4

```

2 OOP vs. FP : A cat catches a birds and eats it

Version OOP

```
class Bird;
class Cat {
    void catch(Bird b);
    void eat();
private:
    Bird prey;
}

int main() {
    auto cat = new Cat();
    auto bird = new Bird();
    cat.catch(bird);
    cat.eat();
}
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Version FP

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class Bird;
class Cat;
class Catcher;
class CatReplete;

Catcher catch(Cat c, Bird b);
CatReplete eat(Catcher c);

int main() {
    std::cout << eat( catch(Cat(), Bird()) );
}
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